

POINT 3 Power and Efficiency

A. Power is the rate at which work is done, or the rate at which energy is transformed.

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{Fd}{t} = Fv \quad (\text{unit: } W = \text{J/s})$$

B. The efficiency of a machine is the ratio of output work (energy) to input work.

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{W_{\text{OUT}}}{W_{\text{IN}}} \times 100\% = \frac{E_{\text{OUT}}}{E_{\text{IN}}} \times 100\% = \frac{P_{\text{OUT}}}{P_{\text{IN}}} \times 100\%$$

PROBLEM 6 Power and Efficiency

A crane is driven by a lifting motor. The motor provides power that can lift a 350 kg object at 8.0 m/s. It is observed that in fact the crane lifts a 300 kg concrete block through 25 m vertically in 5.0 s.

- a) What is the input power of the crane?
- b) What is the power output of the crane?
- c) What is the efficiency of the crane?

Solution $m_{\text{IN}} = 350 \text{ kg}$, $v_{\text{IN}} = 8.0 \text{ m/s}$, $m_{\text{OUT}} = 300 \text{ kg}$, $d_{\text{OUT}} = 25 \text{ m}$, $t_{\text{OUT}} = 5.0 \text{ s}$

a) $P_{\text{IN}} = F_{\text{IN}}v_{\text{IN}} = m_{\text{IN}}g \cdot v_{\text{IN}} = (350)(9.8)(8.0) = 27440 \text{ W}$

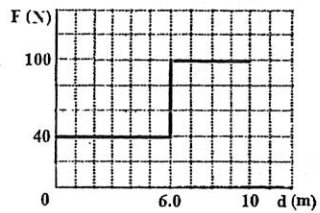
b) $P_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{F_{\text{OUT}}d_{\text{OUT}}}{t_{\text{OUT}}} = \frac{m_{\text{OUT}}g \cdot d_{\text{OUT}}}{t_{\text{OUT}}} = \frac{(300)(9.8)(25)}{5.0} = 14700 \text{ W}$

c) $\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{\text{OUT}}}{P_{\text{IN}}} = \frac{14700}{27440} = 0.54 = 54\%$

RELATED PROBLEMS

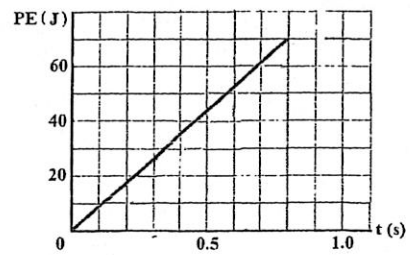
- 15. State the definition, type of quantity, and unit of power.
- 16. A skateboarder increases his kinetic energy from 800 J to 1600 J in 20 s. He expends 1500 J of energy during this activity.
 - a) What is his power output?
 - b) What is the efficiency of this process?
- 17. A 1000 kg automobile starts from rest and accelerates along a road to 30 m/s in 15 s. Assume that air resistance and frictional force remain constant at 500 N during this time.
 - a) What is the power developed by the engine?
 - b) If the automobile is 80% efficient, what is the power developed by the engine?

18. A student pushes a lawn mower 10 m from rest. The graph shows the applied force versus distance.



- How much work does she do moving the lawn mower 10 m?
- After she pushes the 30 kg lawn mower 10 m, it moves at 5.0 m/s. What is the kinetic energy of the lawn mower?
- What is the efficiency of this process?

19. The graph shows the potential energy of a model rocket versus time.



- Find the power output of the model rocket.
- If the model rocket is 60% efficient, find the power delivered to the rocket by the engine.

Power and Efficiency

1. How long will it take a 1500 W motor to lift a 400 kg piano to a sixth story window 15.0 m above?
2. If a car generates 15 hp when travelling at a steady 100 km/h, what must be the average force exerted on the car due to friction?
3. Electric energy is often expressed in kilowatts-hours. Show that the Kwh is a unit of energy equal to 3 600 000 J.
4. A shotputter accelerates a 7.3 kg shot from rest to 15 m/s. If this motion takes 2.0 s, what average power was developed?

5. A pump is to lift 4.00 kg of water per minute through a height of 2.85 m. What output rating should the pump motor have?
6. A motor is used for lifting a 150 kg oil barrel. The motor takes 31 s to raise the barrel a distance of 21 m vertically. The efficiency of the motor is 0.58. What is the input power supplied to the motor?
7. A 5.00×10^2 W electric motor lifts a 20.0 kg object 5.00 m in 3.50 s. What is the efficiency of the motor?